SEARCHEREQUEST FORM

	SEARCHAREQUEST F	ORM .	
Se	ientiticsand Cechnical Informati	ion Center	
Requester's Full Name: And Unit:	WWK Examiner Number 30 8 9703 Serial 1: 2005 Results Format	#: 70 400 Date: 3/2 Number: 09/88 9 75/ Preferred (circle): PAPER DIS	HOZ K E-MAIL
If more than one search is subn	itted, please prioritize searches	s in order of need.	*****
Please provide a detailed statement of the Include the elected species or structures,		•	1975
utility of the invention. Define any terms known. Please attach a copy of the cover	that may have a special meaning. Give e		
1. astru	Het, pertinent claims, and abstract.	huil Dissulli	
Title of Invention:	Me of number 1	Naviaux	/
Inventors (please provide full names):	U KUNEV C K. 7	Nav I MX	
Earliest Priority Filing Date:	2/23/99		
	le all pertinent information (parent, child, d	ivisional, or issued patent numbers) alor	ig with the
appropriate carial number		· ·	A Tribing
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	Point of Contact: Barb O'Bryen	1000,000	// V
	Technical Information Specialist		
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-0			M. A. 1/
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STAFF USE ONLY	to the second se	ndors and cost where applicable	
Searcher:	NA Sequence (#) STN Dialog		
Searcher Location:	Structure (#) 2 Questel/Orbit		
Date Searcher Picked Up:	Bibliographic Dr.Link	*	
Date Completed: 3-26-02	Litigation Lexis/Nexis	-	
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Clerical Prep Time:	Patent Family WWW/Internet	· · ·	
Online Time:	OtherOther (specify)		<u> </u>
PTO-1590 (8-01)			

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=> fil reg; d ide
FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:05:53 ON 26 MAR 2002
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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 MAR 2002 HIGHEST RN 402820-22-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 MAR 2002 HIGHEST RN 402820-22-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 7, 2001

Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

The P indicator for Preparations was not generated for all of the CAS Registry Numbers that were added to the H/Z/CA/CAplus files between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02. Use of the P indicator in online and SDI searches during this period, either directly appended to a CAS Registry Number or by qualifying an L-number with /P, may have yielded incomplete results. As of 1/23/02, the situation has been resolved. Also, note that searches conducted using the PREP role indicator were not affected.

Customers running searches and/or SDIs in the H/Z/CA/CAplus files incorporating CAS Registry Numbers with the P indicator between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02, are encouraged to re-run these strategies. Contact the CAS Help Desk at 1-800-848-6533 in North America or 1-614-447-3698, worldwide, or send an e-mail to help@cas.org for further assistance or to receive a credit for any duplicate searches.

```
L75 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
     4105-38-8 REGISTRY
RN
    Uridine, 2',3',5'-triacetate (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
OTHER NAMES:
                                   . His compound retrieved from .
CN
     2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine
     2',3',5'-Triacetyluridine
CN
CN
    Tri-O-acetyl uridine
FS
    STEREOSEARCH
    293738-13-3
DR
    C15 H18 N2 O9
MF
CI
    COM
LC
                BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
    STN Files:
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, DRUGUPDATES, HODOC*, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
      USPATFULL
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

- **PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
 - 161 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1967 TO DATE)
 - 3 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
 - 161 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1967 TO DATE)
 - 4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> fil capl; d que 178

(FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:30:07 ON 26 MAR 2002

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Mar 2002 VOL 136 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Mar 2002 (20020325/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

The P indicator for Preparations was not generated for all of the CAS Registry Numbers that were added to the CAS files between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02. As of 1/23/02, the situation has been resolved. Searches and/or SDIs in the H/Z/CA/CAplus files incorporating CAS Registry Numbers with the P indicator executed between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02 may be incomplete. See the NEWS message on this topic for more information.

sexuels of triacohylusidine + diseases

L12 577 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MELAS OR MITOCHONDRIAL (A) ENCEPHALOMYOP ATH?

L13 139 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MERRF OR MYCLONUS (L) EPILEPSY (L) MYOPATH ?/OBI

L14 89 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON NARP (W) MILS OR NEUROGENIC (L) ATAXIA (L) PIGMENTOSA/OBI OR LEIGH SYNDROME

L15	134	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LHON	OR LEBERS(L)OPTIC(L)NEUROPATH?/OB
L16	335	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MITO	OCHONDRIAL(A)BLINDNESS OR KSS OR
L17	272	KEARNS(A)SAYRE SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PMPS	OR MARROW(A) PANCREAS(A) SYNDROME#
L18	145	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CPEC	O OR PROGRESSIVE(L)OPHTHALMOPLEG?/O
L19	56		PER? OR MTDNA OR MT DNA) (L) SYNDROME
L20	433	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CYT	COCHROME (1W) OXIDASE OR COX OR COR OR ANT OR PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENAS
L21	147		CIC(A)ACIDEM?
L22			YYLMALONIC OR METHYL GLUTACONIC) (W)
L23	863		RACTORY(L)EPILEPSY/OBI OR ASPERGER? RAL PALSY OR DYSLEX?
L24	878	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ADHI	OR ATTENTION DEFICIT
L25	171	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (COMIV OR V))(2A)DEFICIENC?	MPLEX(W)(I OR II OR SDH OR III OR
L26	5860	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON THRO	MBOCYTOPENI? OR LEUKEMIA SYNDROME
L27		ROPATH?(L)EPILEPSY/OBI	E OR MITROCHONDRIAL MYOPATH? (L) NEU
L28	1	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MARI NFECTION#(L)APHASI?/OBI	TAHS OR MITROCHONDRIAL (L) ATAXIA (L) I
L29	7		OR ND 6)(L)DYSTONI?/OBI
L30	32	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CYCI	JC(A) VOMITING
L31	86114	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?DIA	ABET?
L32		SYNDROME OR URNS	DINE RESPONSIVE NEUROLOGIC
L33		OSIDE#(L)DEAFNESS/OBI	ATAL NECROSIS OR FBSN OR AMINOGLYC
L34			TED(A)CARDIOMYOPATH?
L35			NIC(A)LYMPHOMA#
L36			RAM? SYNDROME
L37		<pre>IC) (L) DELETION (L) SYNDROME#/OF</pre>	
L38		INJUR?)/OBI	AD OR BRAIN) (L) (TRAUMA? OR
L39			BRAL (L) EDEM?
L40		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON STRO	
L41			CRFUSION(A)INJUR?
L42			EIMER?
L43		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?PAF	
L44		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON HEPA	
L45			BODY (A) DEMENT?
L46		GEHRIG? OR ACUTE(A) LIVER FAIL	
L47) (A) STEATOHEPATITIS	OR (NONALCOHOLIC OR NON ALCOHOLIC
L48		ENTIAT?(L)(CANCER? OR TUMOR C	•
L49		URE	GESTIVE(A) (HEART OR CARDIAC) (W) FAIL
L50			AL(A)FIBRILATION#
L51			F(L)WHITE(L)SYNDROME
L52			RAINE#
L53			TABLE BOWEL
L54			CARDIAL INFARCT? (3A) NON Q WAVE#
L55	1100		MENSTRUAL OR HEPATORENAL OR SPHOLIPID OR PHOSPHOLIPID (2A) ANTIBO

```
D?)(L) SYNDROME/OBI
L56
           2967 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ECLAMP? OR PREECLAMP?
L57
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON OOPAUS?
L58
          15787 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (ISCHEMI? OR ISCHAEMI?) (L) (HEART OR
                CARDIAC) / OBI
L59
           5794 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ANGINA OR ANTIANGINA
L60
             58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON SHY(A) DRAGER
L61
            116 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON DYSAUTONOMI?
L62
            829 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON RENAL TUBULAR(A) ACIDOSIS OR HEART
                BLOCK?
L63
             13 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?ISOBUTYRIC?(3A)ACIDURI?
L72
             32 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON TRIACETYLURIDINE
L75
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON 4105-38-8
L76
            177 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L75 OR L72 OR TRIACETATE URIDINE OR
                (TRI O) (W) (ACETYLURIDINE OR ACETYL URIDINE)
L77
            157 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L76 INOT PY>1999
₽78
      O SEA: FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LT7 AND (L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR
                L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR
                L25 OR L26 OR L27 OR L28 OR L29 OR L30 OR L31 OR L32 OR L33 OR
                L34 OR L35 OR L36 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39 OR L40 OR L41 OR L42 OR
                L43 OR L44 OR L45 OR L46 OR L47 OR L48 OR L49 OR L50 OR L51 OR
                L52 OR L53 OR L54 OR L55 OR L56 OR L57 OR L58 OR L59 OR L60 OR
                L61 OR L62 OR L63)
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=> fil cancer medl caba drugu biosis biotechno embase uspatf FILE CANCERLIT' ENTERED AT 15:30:20 ON 26 MAR 2002

FIEE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 15:30:20 ON 26 MAR 2002

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```
=> d que 197; d que 1104
             32 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON TRIACETYLURIDINE
L72
L75
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON 4105-38-8
            108 SEA L75 OR L72 OR TRIACETATE URIDINE OR (TRI O) (W) (ACETYLURIDIN
L92
                E OR ACETYL URIDINE)
L93
             57 SEA TRI(1W)(((ACETYL OR ACETATE) (W) URIDINE) OR ACETYLURIDINE)
L94
            108 SEA L92 OR L93
L95
             62 SEA L94 NOT PY>1999
         400242 SEA MITOCHONDRI?
L96
              1 SEA L95 AND L96
J197
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		A DULO
L13	139	ATH? SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MERRF OR MYCLONUS(L)EPILEPSY(L)MYOPATH
		?/OBI
L14	89	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON NARP(W)MILS OR NEUROGENIC (L)ATAXIA(L) PIGMENTOSA/OBI OR LEIGH SYNDROME
L15	134	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LHON OR LEBERS(L)OPTIC(L)NEUROPATH?/OB
L16	335	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MITOCHONDRIAL(A)BLINDNESS OR KSS OR KEARNS(A)SAYRE
L17	272	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PMPS OR MARROW(A) PANCREAS(A) SYNDROME#
L18	145	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CPEO OR PROGRESSIVE(L)OPHTHALMOPLEG?/OBI
L19	56	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (ALPER? OR MTDNA OR MT DNA)(L)SYNDROME #/OBI
L20	433	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (CYTOCHROME(1W)OXIDASE OR COX OR ADENINE NUCLEOTIDE TRANSLOCATOR OR ANT OR PYRUVATE DEHYDROGENAS
		E OR PDH) (2A) DEFICIENC?
L21		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LACTIC(A)ACIDEM?
L22		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (ETHYLMALONIC OR METHYL GLUTACONIC) (W) ACIDUR?
L23	863	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON REFRACTORY(L)EPILEPSY/OBI OR ASPERGER? SYNDROME OR AUTISM OR CEREBRAL PALSY OR DYSLEX?
L24	878	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ADHD OR ATTENTION DEFICIT
L25	171	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (COMPLEX(W)(I OR II OR SDH OR III OR IV OR V))(2A)DEFICIENC?
L26	5860	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON THROMBOCYTOPENI? OR LEUKEMIA SYNDROME
L27	12	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MNGIE OR MITROCHONDRIAL MYOPATH?(L)NEU ROPATH?(L)EPILEPSY/OBI
L28	1	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MARIAHS OR MITROCHONDRIAL(L)ATAXIA(L)I NFECTION#(L)APHASI?/OBI
L29	7	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (ND6 OR ND 6)(L)DYSTONI?/OBI
L30	32	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CYCLIC(A) VOMITING
L31	86114	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?DIABET?
L32	25	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON URIDINE RESPONSIVE NEUROLOGIC SYNDROME OR URNS
L33	50	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON STRIATAL NECROSIS OR FBSN OR AMINOGLYC OSIDE#(L)DEAFNESS/OBI
L34	1331	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON DILATED(A)CARDIOMYOPATH?
L35		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON SPLENIC(A)LYMPHOMA#
L36	45	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON WOLFRAM? SYNDROME
L37	56	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MITOCHONDRIAL(L)(DNA OR DEOXYRIBONUCLE
		IC) (L) DELETION (L) SYNDROME#/OBI
L38	6817	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (HEAD OR BRAIN) (L) (TRAUMA? OR
~ 2.0	1050	INJUR?)/OBI
L39		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CEREBRAL(L)EDEM?
L40		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON STROKE
L41		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON REPERFUSION(A)INJUR?
L42		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ALZHEIMER?
L43		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?PARKINSON?
L44		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON HEPATORENAL SYNDROME
L45		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LEWY BODY(A)DEMENT?
L46		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON HUNTINGTON? OR AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL OR GEHRIG? OR ACUTE(A)LIVER FAILURE
L47	2256	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON NASH OR (NONALCOHOLIC OR NON ALCOHOLIC) (A) STEATOHEPATITIS
L48	1503	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ANTIMETAS? OR ANTI METAS? OR PRODIFFER ENTIAT?(L)(CANCER? OR TUMOR OR NEOPLAS?)/OBI
L49	4720	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CONGESTIVE(A) (HEART OR CARDIAC) (W) FAIL URE
L50	5	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ATRIAL(A)FIBRILATION#
L51		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON WOLFF(L)WHITE(L)SYNDROME

Spivack 09/889251 Page 6

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L52
           3191 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MIGRAINE#
L53
            791 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         IRRITABLE BOWEL
L54
            119 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         MYOCARDIAL INFARCT? (3A) NON Q WAVE#
L55
           1100 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         (PREMENSTRUAL OR HEPATORENAL OR
                ANTIPHOSPHOLIPID OR ANTI PHOSPHOLIPID OR PHOSPHOLIPID (2A) ANTIBO
                D?)(L) SYNDROME/OBI
L56
           2967 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         ECLAMP? OR PREECLAMP?
L57
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         OOPAUS?
L58
          15787 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          (ISCHEMI? OR ISCHAEMI?) (L) (HEART OR
                CARDIAC)/OBI
L59
           5794 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         ANGINA OR ANTIANGINA
L60
             58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         SHY(A) DRAGER
L61
            116 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         DYSAUTONOMI?
L62
            829 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON RENAL TUBULAR(A) ACIDOSIS OR HEART
                BLOCK?
L63
             13 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?ISOBUTYRIC?(3A)ACIDURI?
L72
             32 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON TRIACETYLURIDINE
              1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON 4105-38-8
L75
            108 SEA L75 OR L72 OR TRIACETATE URIDINE OR (TRI O) (W) (ACETYLURIDIN
L92
                E OR ACETYL URIDINE)
L93
             57 SEA TRI(1W)(((ACETYL OR ACETATE) (W) URIDINE) OR ACETYLURIDINE)
L94
            108 SEA L92 OR L93
L95
             62 SEA L94 (NOT PY>1999
L98
          81799 SEA (L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19 OR
                L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25)
         779922 SEA (L26 OR L27 OR L28 OR L29 OR L30 OR L*** OR L31 OR L32 OR
L99
                L33 OR L34 OR L35 OR L36)
              6 SEA L95 AND (L98 OR L99 OR L100 OR L101 OR L102 OR L103)
L104
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=> s 197 or 1104 L105 6 L97 OR L104

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L105

⊶L106 -

6 DUP REM L105 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) ANSWER '1' FROM FILE DRUGU ANSWERS '2-6' FROM FILE USPATFULL

abibib ab hitrn 1106 1-6

L106 ANSWER 1 OF 6 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2002 DERWENT INFORMATION LTD

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994-49868 DRUGU T S

TITLE: Oral triacetyluridine (TAU) as a rescue agent for

5-fluorouracil (5FU): phase I and pharmacological study.

AUTHOR: Schwartz G; Kelsen D; Saltz L; Kemeny N; Caspar E; Toomasi F

CORPORATE SOURCE: Memorial-Sloan-Kettering-Cancer-Cent.; Pro-Neuron

New York, New York, Rockville, Maryland, United States LOCATION:

SOURCE: Proc.Am.Soc.Clin.Oncol. (13, 30 Meet., 134, 1994) TSSN:

Memorial Sloan-Kettering Cancer Center, New York, NY 10021, AVAIL. OF DOC.:

U.S.A. (10 authors).

LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT; MPC

FILE SEGMENT: Literature

Uridine levels of 50-100 uM can ameliorate fluorouracil (5FU) induced AB hematopoietic and GI toxicity in animals. Triacetyluridine (TAU), an p.o. prodrug of uridine, preclinically acheives 8-fold higher uridine levels than equimolar doses of uridine. The Cmax, Cmin and AUC of uridine were calculated after the administration of bolus 5FU + p.o. TAU in 29 patients with incurable cancers. With escalating doses of bolus 5FU + TAU (3.3 g), neutropenia was seen. With escalating doses of Spivack 09/889251 Page 7

5FU and TAU (6.6 g; ensuring Cmax and Cmin uridine levels over 50 uM), there was no hematologic (measured by WBC, absolute neutrophil and platelet count) or GI toxicity. Sustained uridine levels over 50 uM, which are achieved with 6.6 g of TAU, prevent the toxicity of bolus 5FU seen on this wkly schedule. (conference abstract).

L106 ANSWER 2 OF 6 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:98932 USPATFULL

TITLE: DHA-pharmaceutical agent conjugates of taxanes
INVENTOR(S): Shashoua, Victor E., Brookline, MA, United States
Swindell, Charles S., Merion, PA, United States
Webb, Nigel L., Bryn Mawr, PA, United States

Bradley, Matthews O., Laytonsville, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Neuromedica, Inc., Conshohocken, PA, United States

(U.S. corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5795909 19980818 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1996-651312 19960522 (8)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: Jarvis, William R. A.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Wolf, Greenfield & Sacks, P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 12 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 27 Drawing Figure(s); 14 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 2451

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention provides conjugates of cis-docosahexaenoic acid and taxanes useful in treating cell proliferative disorders. Conjugates of paclitaxel and docetaxel are preferred.

L106 ANSWER 3 OF 6 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:72607 USPATFULL

TITLE: Pharmaceutical compositions containing

deoxyribonucleosides for wound healing

INVENTOR(S): von Borstel, Reid Warren, Kensington, MD, United States Bamat, Michael Kevin, Chevy Chase, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pro-Neuron, Inc., Gaithersburg, MD, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE

PATENT INFORMATION: US 5770582 19980623 APPLICATION INFO.: US 1995-419767 19950410 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-96407, filed on 26 Jul

1993, now abandoned which is a division of Ser. No. US 1992-911379, filed on 13 Jul 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5246708 which is a continuation of Ser. No. US 1989-341925, filed on 21 Apr 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1988-186031,

filed on 25 Apr 1988, now abandoned which is a

continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-115923, filed

on 28 Oct 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility
FILE SEGMENT: Granted
PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kunz, Gary L.
LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Nixon & Vanderhye

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 54 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1132

Spivack 09/889251 Page 8

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The invention relates to compositions comprising 2'-

> deoxyribonucleosides. The invention also relates to methods of accelerating the healing of wounds, abrasions, cuts, incisions, and superficial burns induced by heat, sunlight, chemical agents, or infections, and methods for ameliorating the effects of aging of the epidermal tissues comprising administering the compositions of the present invention to an animal.

ፐጥ 4105-38-8P, 2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine (prepn. of, as drug)

L106 ANSWER 4 OF 6 USPATFULL

96:113912 USPATFULL ACCESSION NUMBER:

TITLE: Acylated uridine and cytidine for elevating tissue

uridine and cytidine

INVENTOR(S): von Borstel, Reid, Kensington, MD, United States

Bamat, Michael K., Chevy Chase, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pro-Neuron, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____ US 5583117 PATENT INFORMATION: 19961210 US 1993-140475 APPLICATION INFO.: 19931025 (8)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Division of Ser. No. US 1991-737913, filed on 29 Jul

1991, now abandoned which is a continuation of Ser. No.

US 1987-115929, filed on 28 Oct 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility FILE SEGMENT: Granted PRIMARY EXAMINER: Kunz, Gary L.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE: Nixon & Vanderhye P.C.

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: 20 EXEMPLARY CLAIM: 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS: 10 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT: 1658

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

General methods for delivering exogenous cytidine or uridine to the tissue of an animal comprising the administration of acylated cytidine or acylated uridine, respectively, are disclosed. Methods of treating myocardial infarction and cardiac insufficiency comprising the administration of acylated cytidine or acylated uridine, are also

4105-38-8P, 2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine IT (prepn. of, as drug)

L106 ANSWER 5 OF 6 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER: 95:105828 USPATFULL

TITLE: Method of delivering exogenous uridine or cytidine

using acylated uridine or cytidine

INVENTOR(S): von Borstel, Reld W., Darnestown, MD, United States

Bamat, Michael K., Darnestown, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pro-Neuron, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE US 1992-997657 PATENT INFORMATION: 19951128 APPLICATION INFO.: 19921230 (7)

RELATED APPLN. INFO.: Continuation of Ser. No. US 1990-438493, filed on 26

> Jun 1990, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-115929, filed on 28 Oct 1987, now

abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE: Utility

09/889251 Spivack

Page 9

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER:

Robinson, Douglas W.

ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Kunz, Gary L.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Nixon & Vanderhye

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

61 1

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

11 Drawing Figure(s); 6 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1745

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Methods of delivering exogenous uridine or cytidine to the tissue of an animal comprising the administration of acyl derivatives of uridine or cytidine, respectively, are disclosed. Also disclosed are methods for treating cardiac insufficiency, myocardial infarction, cirrhosis of the liver, each comprising administration of acyl derivatives of uridine or

cytidine.

4105-38-8P, 2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine IT

(prepn. of, as drug)

L106 ANSWER 6 OF 6 USPATFULL

ACCESSION NUMBER:

93:78557 USPATFULL

TITLE:

Methods for promoting wound healing with

deoxyribonucleosides

INVENTOR(S):

von Borstel, Reid W., Kensington, MD, United States

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Bamat, Michael K., Chevy Chase, MD, United States Pro-Neuron, Inc., Rockville, MD, United States (U.S.

corporation)

NUMBER KIND DATE _____ ____

PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION INFO.:

US 5246708 19930921 US 1992-911379

RELATED APPLN. INFO.:

19920713 (7) Continuation of Ser. No. US 1989-341925, filed on 21 Apr 1989, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part

of Ser. No. US 1988-186031, filed on 25 Apr 1988, now abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1987-115923, filed on 28 Oct 1987, now abandoned

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Utility

FILE SEGMENT:

Granted

PRIMARY EXAMINER: ASSISTANT EXAMINER:

Rollins, John W. Kunz, Gary L.

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE:

Nixon & Vanderhye

NUMBER OF CLAIMS: EXEMPLARY CLAIM:

40 25

NUMBER OF DRAWINGS:

9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)

LINE COUNT:

1043

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

Methods are provided for promoting wound healing in animals by administering compositions containing two or more of the following 2'-deoxyribonucleosides: 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyguanosine,

2'-deoxy-cytidine, or thymidine. 3'- and 5'-phosphate derivatives of these 2'-deoxynucleosides are also effective in promoting wound healing.

TΤ 4105-38-8P, 2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine

(prepn. of, as drug)

=> fil reg; d stat que 19

Effic 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 15:31:12 ON 26 MAR 2002

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 25 MAR 2002 HIGHEST RN 402820-22-8 DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 25 MAR 2002 HIGHEST RN 402820-22-8

TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH July 7, 2001

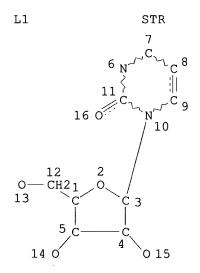
Please note that search-term pricing does apply when conducting SmartSELECT searches.

Crossover limits have been increased. See HELP CROSSOVER for details.

Calculated physical property data is now available. See HELP PROPERTIES for more information. See STNote 27, Searching Properties in the CAS Registry File, for complete details: http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/STN/STNOTES/stnotes27.pdf

The P indicator for Preparations was not generated for all of the CAS Registry Numbers that were added to the H/Z/CA/CAplus files between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02. Use of the P indicator in online and SDI searches during this period, either directly appended to a CAS Registry Number or by qualifying an L-number with /P, may have yielded incomplete results. As of 1/23/02, the situation has been resolved. Also, note that searches conducted using the PREP role indicator were not affected.

Customers running searches and/or SDIs in the H/Z/CA/CAplus files incorporating CAS Registry Numbers with the P indicator between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02, are encouraged to re-run these strategies. Contact the CAS Help Desk at 1-800-848-6533 in North America or 1-614-447-3698, worldwide, or send an e-mail to help@cas.org for further assistance or to receive a credit for any duplicate searches.



NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

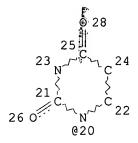
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED

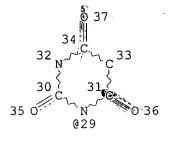
Sull file search done on this structure NUMBER OF NODES IS 16

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L3 26337 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1 L7 STR

7 6 N C C 8 11 6 9 16 0 N O 18





VAR G1=10/20/29 NODE ATTRIBUTES: DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED subset search done, removing these compounds from the answer set

(oxo at "forbidden" positions

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES: RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED NUMBER OF NODES IS 35

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

gLD9: 10019 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL (L1 NOT L7)

100.0% PROCESSED 26337 ITERATIONS

40019 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.02

=> fil hcapl

(FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:32:44 ON 26 MAR 2002

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 26 Mar 2002 VOL 136 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 25 Mar 2002 (20020325/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

CAS roles have been modified effective December 16, 2001. Please check your SDI profiles to see if they need to be revised. For information on CAS roles, enter HELP ROLES at an arrow prompt or use the CAS Roles thesaurus (/RL field) in this file.

The P indicator for Preparations was not generated for all of the CAS Registry Numbers that were added to the CAS files between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02. As of 1/23/02, the situation has been resolved. Searches and/or SDIs in the H/Z/CA/CAplus files incorporating CAS Registry Numbers with the P indicator executed between 12/27/01 and 1/23/02 may be incomplete. See the NEWS message on this topic for more information.

DC INCOME	orcce.	bee the NEWS message on	curs cobic for more informa	
=> d ane	167 no	s ; d que nos 185; s 167 o	or 185	compounds from trusture search + diseases
L1		STR		
L3	26337	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FU	τ. τ.1 Δ 1	ructure search + alseases
L7		STR		
L9	10019	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3	SSS FUL (L1 NOT L7)	
L12			MELAS OR MITOCHONDRIAL (A)	ENCEPHALOMYOP
•	-	ATH?	(11)	
L13	139		MERRF OR MYCLONUS (L) EPILE	PSY(L)MYOPATH
		?/OBI		(- ,
L14	89	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	NARP(W)MILS OR NEUROGENIC	(L)ATAXIA(L)
		PIGMENTOSA/OBI OR LEIGH :		
L15	134	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	LHON OR LEBERS (L) OPTIC (L)	NEUROPATH?/OB
		I	.*	
L16	335	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	MITOCHONDRIAL (A) BLINDNESS	OR KSS OR
		KEARNS (A) SAYRE		
L17	272	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	PMPS OR MARROW (A) PANCREAS	(A)SYNDROME#
L18	145	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	CPEO OR PROGRESSIVE (L) OPH	THALMOPLEG?/O
		BI		
L19	56	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	(ALPER? OR MTDNA OR MT DNA	A) (L) SYNDROME
		#/OBI		
L20	433	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	(CYTOCHROME (1W) OXIDASE OR	COX OR
		ADENINE NUCLEOTIDE TRANSI	LOCATOR OR ANT OR PYRUVATE	DEHYDROGENAS
		E OR PDH) (2A) DEFICIENC?		
L21	147	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	LACTIC(A)ACIDEM?	
L22			(ETHYLMALONIC OR METHYL GI	LUTACONIC) (W)
		ACIDUR?		
L23	863		REFRACTORY(L)EPILEPSY/OBI	OR ASPERGER?
		SYNDROME OR AUTISM OR CI	EREBRAL PALSY OR DYSLEX?	
L24			ADHD OR ATTENTION DEFICIT	
L25	171	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	(COMPLEX(W) (I OR II OR SDE	H OR III OR
•		IV OR V))(2A)DEFICIENC?		
L27	12	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	MNGIE OR MITROCHONDRIAL MY	OPATH?(L)NEU
		ROPATH?(L)EPILEPSY/OBI		
L28	1	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	MARIAHS OR MITROCHONDRIAL	(L)ATAXIA(L)I
		NFECTION#(L)APHASI?/OBI		
L29			(ND6 OR ND 6)(L)DYSTONI?/	OBI
L30		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON		
L32	25	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	URIDINE RESPONSIVE NEUROLO	OGIC .
		SYNDROME OR URNS		
L33	50	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	STRIATAL NECROSIS OR FBSN	OR AMINOGLYC
		OSIDE#(L)DEAFNESS/OBI		
L34		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	DILATED (A) CARDIOMYOPATH?	
L35		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	SPLENIC (A) LYMPHOMA#	
L36		SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	WOLFRAM? SYNDROME	
L37	56	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	MITOCHONDRIAL(L)(DNA OR DE	EOXYRIBONUCLE
T 20	1050	IC) (L) DELETION (L) SYNDROM		
L39	1822	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON	CEREBRAL (L) EDEM?	

```
L41
           7761 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON REPERFUSION(A)INJUR?
L44
            131 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON HEPATORENAL SYNDROME
L45
             84 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON LEWY BODY (A) DEMENT?
L47
           2256 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON NASH OR (NONALCOHOLIC OR NON ALCOHOLIC
                ) (A) STEATOHEPATITIS
           4720 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON CONGESTIVE(A) (HEART OR CARDIAC) (W) FAIL
L49
                URE
L50
              5 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ATRIAL(A) FIBRILATION#
L51
             38 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON WOLFF(L)WHITE(L)SYNDROME
L52
           3191 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MIGRAINE#
L53
            791 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON IRRITABLE BOWEL
L54
            119 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON MYOCARDIAL INFARCT?(3A)NON Q WAVE#
L55
           1100 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (PREMENSTRUAL OR HEPATORENAL OR
                ANTIPHOSPHOLIPID OR ANTI PHOSPHOLIPID OR PHOSPHOLIPID(2A) ANTIBO
                D?)(L) SYNDROME/OBI
           2967 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
L56
                                          ECLAMP? OR PREECLAMP?
L57
              1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         OOPAUS?
L59
           5794 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         ANGINA OR ANTIANGINA
L60
             58 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          SHY(A) DRAGER
L61
            116 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          DYSAUTONOMI?
            829 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          RENAL TUBULAR (A) ACIDOSIS OR HEART
L62
                BLOCK?
L63
             13 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                          ?ISOBUTYRIC? (3A) ACIDURI?
L64
          21673 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
                                         L9
                                         4L64 NOT PY>1999
L65
          19704 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON
             27 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L65 AND ((L12 OR L13 OR L14 OR L15 OR
(L67
                L16 OR L17 OR L18 OR L19 OR L20 OR L21 OR L22 OR L23 OR L24 OR
                L25) OR (L27 OR L28 OR L29 OR L30) OR (L32 OR L33 OR L34 OR
                L35 OR L36 OR L37) OR L39 OR L41 OR L44 OR L45 OR L47 OR (L49
                OR L50 OR L51 OR L52 OR L53 OR L54 OR L55 OR L56 OR L57) OR
                 (L59 OR L60 OR L61 OR L62 OR L63))
```

	STR
26337	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
	STR
10019	SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L3 SSS FUL (L1 NOT L7)
5860	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON THROMBOCYTOPENI? OR LEUKEMIA SYNDROME
86114	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?DIABET?
6817	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (HEAD OR BRAIN)(L)(TRAUMA? OR
	INJUR?)/OBI
15736	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON STROKE
21659	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ALZHEIMER?
14096	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?PARKINSON?
6043	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON HUNTINGTON? OR AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL OR
	GEHRIG? OR ACUTE(A)LIVER FAILURE
1503	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ANTIMETAS? OR ANTI METAS? OR PRODIFFER
	ENTIAT?(L)(CANCER? OR TUMOR OR NEOPLAS?)/OBI
15787	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON (ISCHEMI? OR ISCHAEMI?)(L)(HEART OR
	CARDIAC)/OBI
21673	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L9
19704	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L64 NOT PY>1999
126246	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON ?MITOCHONDRI?
330	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L65 AND L83
5	SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON L84 AND (L26 OR L31 OR L38 OR L40 OR
	L42 OR L43 OR L46 OR L48 OR L58)
	10019 5860 86114 6817 15736 21659 14096 6043 1503 15787 21673 19704 126246 330

31 L67 OR L85 L107

CTD

This search of not done in any other
file because Registry answer set was so large.

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291 It costs 2 / Reg # to
Abs search non-LA files

⇒ d ibib abs hitstr 1107 1-31; fil hom

L107 ANSWER 1 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:764661 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:15274

TITLE: Trinucleotide repeat expansion and Neuropsychiatric

disease

AUTHOR(S): Margolis, Russell L.; McInnis, Melvin G.; Rosenblatt,

Adam; Ross, Christopher A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences,

Divisions of Neurobiology, Johns Hopkins University

School of Medicine, Baltimore, MD, USA

SOURCE: Archives of General Psychiatry (1999), 56(11),

1019-1031

CODEN: ARGPAQ; ISSN: 0003-990X
American Medical Association
Journal; General Review

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

A review with 211 refs. Trinucleotide, or triplet, repeats consist of 3 AB nucleotides consecutively repeated (eq, CCG CCG CCG CCG) within a region of DNA, a not uncommon motif in the genome of humans and other species. In 1991, a new type of genetic mutation was discovered, known as a dynamic or expansion mutation, in which the no. of triplets in a repeat increases and the length becomes unstable. During the past decade, nearly 20 diseases-including Huntington disease, 2 forms of the fragile X syndrome, and myotonic dystrophy-caused by trinucleotide repeat expansions have been identified. The unstable nature of the expanded repeat leads to remarkable patterns of inheritance in these diseases, distinctly at odds with traditional notions of Mendelian genetics. We review the clin. and genetic features of these disorders, with a particular emphasis on their psychiatric manifestations. We also critically examine the hypothesis that expansion mutations may have an etiol. role in psychiatric diseases such as bipolar disorder, schizophrenia, and autism.

IT 3960-32-5

PUBLISHER:

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)

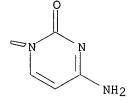
(trinucleotide repeat mutation expansion and its assocn. with genetic and psychiatric disorders in human)

RN 3960-32-5 HCAPLUS

CN Guanosine, cytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-cytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B



REFERENCE COUNT:

212 THERE ARE 212 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR

THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE

FORMAT

L107 ANSWER 2 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:453397 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:281217

TITLE:

Deletions in the mitochondrial DNA and decrease in the

oxidative phosphorylation activity of children with Fanconi syndrome secondary to antiblastic therapy Di Cataldo, Andrea; Palumbo, Maddalena; Pittala,

AUTHOR(S):

Donatella; Renis, Marcella; Schiliro, Gino; Russo, Alessandra; Ragusa, Rosalia; Mollica, Florindo; Li

Volti, Salvatore

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Departments of Pediatric Hematology-Oncology,

Biochemistry, and Pediatrics, University of Catania,

SOURCE:

Am. J. Kidney Dis. (1999), 34(1), 98-106

CODEN: AJKDDP; ISSN: 0272-6386

PUBLISHER:

W. B. Saunders Co.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

The aim of this study is to verify whether there are deletions in mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) and disorders in oxidative phosphorylation (Ox-phos) complexes in the pathogenesis of secondary Fanconi syndrome (FS). The authors studied 18 children with tumors who were previously treated with chemotherapy and were off therapy for at least 1 yr. All the children had normal renal function at diagnosis. Only 4 children received ifosfamide (IFO) and platinum compds. The authors evaluated renal function, Ox-phos activity measured on platelets, and mtDNA extd. from platelets for all patients. Only 2 patients, both treated with IFO and carboplatinum (CARBO) for Wilms' tumor and germ-cell tumor, resp., developed FS 1 and 3 yr after termination of therapy. They had decreased activities of Ox-phos that were statistically significant only for NAD-reduced cytochrome-c reductase and cytochrome-c oxidase and specific and unidentified deletions in mtDNA that were not maternally inherited. Therefore, treatment with IFO and CARBO might be responsible for deletions in mtDNA, decreased activity of Ox-phos, and impaired rates of transport

of D-glucose, phosphate, and amino acids.

IT **147-94-4**, Cytarabine

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(deletions in mitochondrial DNA and decreases in oxidative

phosphorylation activity in children with Fanconi syndrome secondary to antiblastic therapy)

RN 147-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L107 ANSWER 3 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:450001 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:47149

TITLE: Investigation of Possible Participation of Nucleoside

Transport Systems in the Postischemic Release of Purines and Pyrimidines from Cold Stored Liver

AUTHOR(S): Toshchakov, Vladimir Yu.; Bashkina, Ludmila V.;

Shumakov, Valery I.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute for Transplantation and Artificial Organs,

Moscow, 123182, Russia

SOURCE: Cryobiology (1999), 38(4), 261-272

CODEN: CRYBAS; ISSN: 0011-2240

PUBLISHER: Academic Press

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The aim of the study was to elucidate the role of nucleoside transport systems in the postischemic release of nucleosides and nucleobases accumulated by the rat liver during cold storage. Livers were preserved for 24 h in Euro-Collins (EC) or in a lactobionate-based soln. (LBS) without exogenous adenosine. The rates of release of uric acid, xanthine, hypoxanthine, inosine, adenosine, uridine, and cytidine were monitored during early reperfusion. The greater part of the purines and pyrimidines (up to 80%) was lost in the first 2 min of reperfusion. After storage in EC, uric acid and xanthine formed more than 90% of the total purines released; nucleosides did not exceed 5% of the total. After storage in LBS, hypoxanthine formed more than 80% of purine efflux and the release of inosine and uridine was increased 5-10 times. These changes were shown to be due to the presence of allopurinol in LBS. Dipyridamole (an inhibitor of equilibrative nucleoside transporters) decreased the efflux of uric acid after storage in EC but residual release remained high. Dipyridamole exerted the most pronounced effect on the release of nucleosides (inosine and uridine) from livers stored in LBS. The use of sodium-free media for liver preservation and reperfusion did not alter the rates of purine and pyrimidine release. We conclude that equilibrative nucleoside transporters mediate the postischemic release of nucleosides and also, but to a less degree, of uric acid. Simple diffusion is an important factor

in the release of nucleobases. Active Na+/nucleoside cotransport does not play an important role in early reperfusion. (c) 1999 Academic Press.

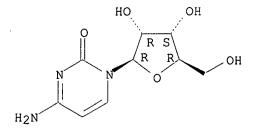
IT **65-46-3**, Cytidine

RL: BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process) (nucleoside transport systems in postischemic release of purines and pyrimidines from cold stored liver)

RN 65-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L107 ANSWER 4 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:349890 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:139091

TITLE: Boswellic acids and malignant glioma: induction of

apoptosis but no modulation of drug sensitivity
AUTHOR(S): Glaser, T.; Winter, S.; Groscurth, P.; Safayhi, H.;

Sailer, E.-R.; Ammon, H. P. T.; Schabet, M.; Weller,

Μ.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Laboratory of Molecular Neuro-Oncology, Department of

Neurology, Institute of Pharmaceutical Sciences, University of Tubingen, Tubingen, 72076, Germany

SOURCE: Br. J. Cancer (1999), 80(5/6), 756-765

Br. J. Cancer (1999), 80(5/6), 756-765 CODEN: BJCAAI; ISSN: 0007-0920

PUBLISHER: Churchill Livingstone

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English LANGUAGE: AB Steroids are essential for the control of edema in human malignant glioma patients but may interfere with the efficacy of chemotherapy. Boswellic acids are phytotherapeutic anti-inflammatory agents that may be alternative drugs to corticosteroids in the treatment of cerebral edema. Here, the authors report that boswellic acids are cytotoxic to malignant glioma cells at low micromolar concns. In-situ DNA end labeling and electron microscopy reveal that boswellic acids induce apoptosis. Boswellic acid-induced apoptosis requires protein, but not RNA synthesis, and is neither assocd. with free radical formation nor blocked by free radical scavengers. The levels of BAX and BCL-2 proteins remain unaltered during boswellic acid-induced apoptosis. P21 expression is induced by boswellic acids via a p53-independent pathway. Ectopic expression of wild-type p53 also induces p21, and facilitates boswellic acid-induced apoptosis. However, targeted disruption of the p21 genes in colon carcinoma cells enhances rather than decreases boswellic acid toxicity. Ectopic expression of neither BCL-2 nor the caspase inhibitor, CRM-A, is protective. In contrast to steroids, subtoxic concns. of boswellic acids do not interfere with cancer drug toxicity of glioma cells in acute cytotoxicity or clonogenic cell death assays. Also, in contrast to steroids, boswellic acids synergize with the cytotoxic cytokine, CD95 ligand, in inducing glioma cell apoptosis.

effect is probably mediated by inhibition of RNA synthesis and is not

assocd. with changes of CD95 expression at the cell surface. Further studies in lab. animals and in human patients are required to det. whether boswellic acids may be a useful adjunct to the medical management of human malignant glioma.

IT 147-94-4, Cytarabine

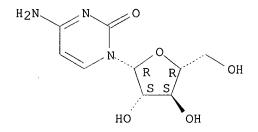
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(boswellic acids and malignant glioma and induction of apoptosis but no modulation of drug sensitivity in relation to mechanism)

147-94-4 HCAPLUS RN

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



proviso'edout

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L107 ANSWER 5 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:542765 HCAPLUS

38

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

129:170542

TITLE:

Treatment with dithiocarbamates for atherosclerosis and other cardiovascular and inflammatory diseases by

inhibition of expression of VCAM-1

INVENTOR(S):

Medford, Russell M.; Alexander, R. Wayne; Offermann,

Margaret K.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Emory University, USA

SOURCE:

U.S., 17 pp. CODEN: USXXAM

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	API	PLICATION NO.	DATE
US 5792787	А	19980811	US	1995-486239	19950607
TO COLLDON (C)	3.47	DDMM 100 170F40			

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 129:170542

Dithiocarboxylates, and in particular, dithiocarbamates, block the induced expression of the endothelial cell surface adhesion mol. VCAM-1, and are therefor useful in the treatment of cardiovascular disease, including atherosclerosis, post-angioplasty restenosis, coronary artery diseases, and angina, as well as noncardiovascular inflammatory diseases that are mediated by VCAM-1.

24939-03-5, Poly(I:C) IT

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BIOL (Biological study)

(dithiocarbamates for treatment of atherosclerosis and other cardiovascular and inflammatory diseases by inhibition of expression of VCAM-1)

RN-24939-03-5 HCAPLUS

CN 5'-Inosinic acid, homopolymer, complex with 5'-cytidylic acid homopolymer (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 30918-54-8

CMF (C10 H13 N4 O8 P)x

CCI PMS

CM 2

CRN 131-99-7

CMF C10 H13 N4 O8 P

CDES 5:B-D-RIBO

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 3

CRN 30811-80-4

CMF (C9 H14 N3 O8 P)x

CCI PMS

CM 4

CRN 63-37-6

CMF C9 H14 N3 O8 P

CDES 5:B-D-RIBO

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 6 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:353383 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:132962

TITLE: Nucleotide and Nucleoside Analogs as Inhibitors of

Cytosolic 5'-Nucleotidase I from Heart

AUTHOR(S): Garvey, Edward P.; Lowen, Gregory T.; Almond, Merrick

R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Divisions of Biochemistry, Glaxo Wellcome, Research

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

Triangle Park, NC, 27709, USA

Biochemistry (1998), 37(25), 9043-9051

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

SOURCE:

AB Substrate and product specificity studies were used to develop inhibitors of the cytosolic 5'-nucleotidase I (c-N-I) from myocardium. As measured by Vmax/Km, c-N-I preferred pyrimidine 2'-deoxyribonucleotides as substrates with thymidine monophosphate (TMP) being the most efficient. In product inhibition studies, thymidine inhibited noncompetitively and inorg. phosphate inhibited competitively, consistent with an ordered release of nucleoside prior to phosphate. Mirroring nucleotide substrate specificities, pyrimidine nucleosides were more potent product inhibitors than purine nucleosides. Thus, pyrimidine nucleotide and nucleoside analogs were developed as inhibitors. Phosphonate analogs of TMP were synthesized by a novel method. The most potent was the 5'-phosphonate of 3'-deoxythymidine (ddT) (apparent Ki value of 63 nM). In addn., pyrimidine nucleoside analogs were inhibitors with 5-ethynyl-2',3'dideoxyuridine being the most potent (apparent Ki value of 3.7 .mu.M). The most potent nucleotide and nucleoside inhibitor were both greater than 1000-fold more potent inhibiting c-N-I than the cytosolic 5'-nucleotidase The nucleoside analog was also greater than 1000-fold more potent against c-N-I than the membrane ecto-5'-nucleotidase (e-N). Because the phosphonate analogs measurably inhibited e-N (apparent Ki values of 6-12 .mu.M), the selectivity of the phosphonates for c-N-I vs. e-N was less (40-200-fold). Because of the high selectivity for c-N-I vs. both of the other 5'-nucleotidases, the nucleoside inhibitors of c-N-I may be useful biochem. tools in discerning the role that c-N-I plays in generating adenosine within myocardium.

IT **63-37-6**, 5'-Cmp

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(nucleotide and nucleoside analogs as inhibitors of cytosolic 5'-nucleotidase I from heart)

RN 63-37-6 HCAPLUS

CN 5'-Cytidylic acid (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 7 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:714034 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:881

TITLE: Molecular and cytogenetic investigations of the

fragile X region including the Frax A and Frax E CGG trinucleotide repeat sequences in families multiplex

for autism and related phenotypes

AUTHOR(S): Gurling, H. M. D.; Bolton, P. F.; Vincent, J.; Melmer,

G.; Rutter, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Molecular Psychiatry Laboratory, Department of

Psychiatry, University College London Medical School,

London, W1P 6DB, UK

SOURCE:

Hum. Hered. (1997), 47(5), 254-262

CODEN: HUHEAS; ISSN: 0001-5652

PUBLISHER:

Karger Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: English

We undertook mol. and cytogenetic analyses in 25 families multiplex for AB autism and related disorders. Three of the multiplex families exhibited fragile X, and the affected off-spring all exhibited CGG triplet repeat insertion mutations in the FMR-1 gene. One of these families contained an affected pair of monozygotic female twins. Both had similar-sized CGG triplet repeat expansions, but different phenotypic manifestations. One suffered from autism and the other from mild mental retardation and marked social anxiety. PCR and Southern hybridization anal. of the CGG repeat sequences characterizing fragile X A (Frax A) and E and the methylation status of FMR-1 showed no evidence of abnormal CGG repeat expansion or FMR-1 hypermethylation in the remaining 22 multiplex families. Moreover, there was no correlation between the Frax A or E (CGG)n repeat length with affected status, nor any assocn. with the low-level (<3%) expression of cytogenetic fragility at Xq27 previously reported in these families. Our findings indicate that most instances of recurrence in families multiplex for autism and related disorders are not accounted for by Frax A and E. indicate that the phenotypic manifestations of Frax A may be influenced by stochastic, environmental and other biol. factors.

ΤТ 5875-29-6

RL: BOC (Biological occurrence); BIOL (Biological study); OCCU (Occurrence)

(trinucleotide repeat; mol. and cytogenetic investigations of the fragile X region including the Frax A and Frax E CGG trinucleotide repeat sequences in families multiplex for autism and related phenotypes)

RN 5875-29-6 HCAPLUS

Guanosine, cytidylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')-guanylyl-(3'.fwdarw.5')- (7CI, 8CI, CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

NH2

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L107 ANSWER 8 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         1996:431442 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         125:76393
TITLE:
                         Use of GABA agonists in the treatment of emesis
INVENTOR(S):
                         Bays, David Edmund; Bountra, Charanjit
                         Glaxo Group Limited, UK
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 9 pp.
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
LANGUAGE:
                         English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                           ---t----
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                      ____
                                           -----
                                                            _____
    WO 9611680
                            19960425
                       Α2
                                           WO 1995-EP4025
                                                            19951012
     WO 9611680
                       Ά3
                            199\60627
            AL, AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES,
             FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV,
             MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,
             SK, TJ
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
     AU 9537458
                            1996050 6
                                           AU 1995-37458
                                                            19951012
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                        GB 1994-20784
                                                            19941014
                                        WO 1995-EP4025
                                                            19951012
AB
     Selected GABA agonists having and agonist action at GABAB receptors are
     used for the treatment of emesis.\ Specific compds., as well as compds.
     from other patents, are claimed.
                                      In a cisplatin emesis model,
     (.+-.)-Baclofen inhibited emesis at 1.0 mg/kg s.c.
IT
     147-94-4, Cytarabine
     RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL
     (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (emesis from; GABA agonists for emesis treatment)
RN
     147-94-4 HCAPLUS
CN
     2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX
     NAME)
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Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 9 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:287043 HCAPLUS

124:339965

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

cDNA cloning of a human homolog of the Caenorhabditis elegans cell fate-determining gene mab-21: expression, chromosomal localization and analysis of a highly

polymorphic (CAG)n trinucleotide repeat

AUTHOR(S):

Margolis, Russell L.; Stine, O. Colin; McInnis, Melvin

G.; Ranen, Neal G.; Rubinsztein, David C.; Leggo, Jayne; Brando, Lorraine V. Jones; Kidwai, Arif S.;

Ļoev, Scott J.; et al.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Maboratory Molecular Neurobiology, Johns Hopkins

University School Medicine, Baltimore, MD, 21205-2196,

SOURCE:

Hum. Mol. Genet. (1996), 5(5), 607-616

CODEN: HMGEE5; ISSN: 0964-6906

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE:

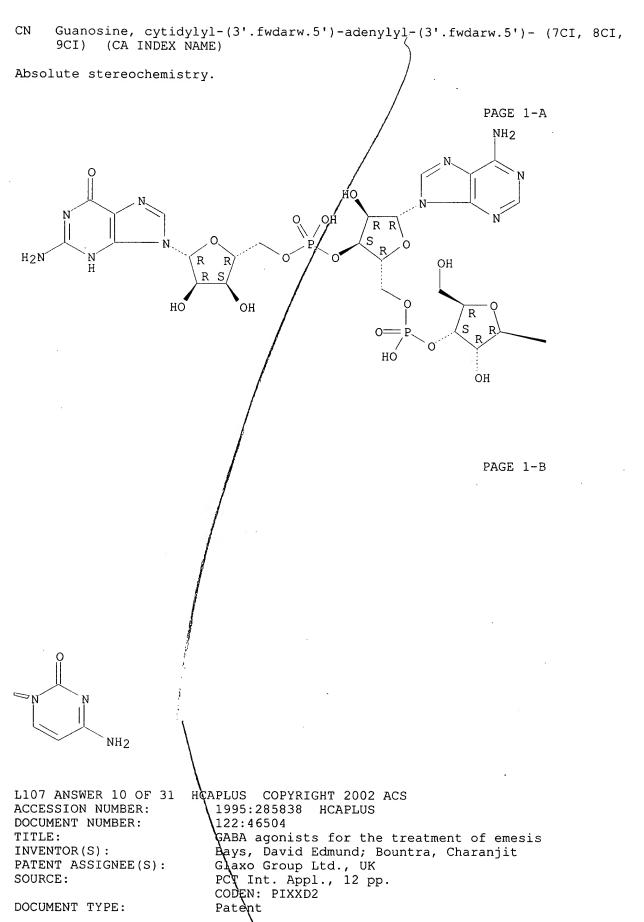
Endlish The two most consistent features of the diseases caused by trinucleotide repeat expansion-neuropsychiatric symptoms and the phenomenon of genetic anticipation-may be present in forms of dementia, hereditary ataxia, Parkinsonism, bipolar affective disorder, schizophrenia and autism To identify candidate genes for these disorders, we have screened human brain cDNA libraries for the presence of gene fragments contg. polymorphic trinucleotide repeats. Here we report the cDNA cloning of CAGR1, originally detected in a retinal cDNA library. The 2743 bp cDNA contains a 1077 bp open reading frame encoding 359 amino acids. This amino acid sequence is homologous (56% amino acid identity and 81% amino acid conservation) to the Caenbrhabditis elegans cell fate-detg. protein mab-21. CAGR1 is expressed in several human tissues, most prominently in the cerebellum, as a message of .apprx.3.0 kb. The gene was mapped to 13q13, just telomeric to D13S220. A 5'-untranslated CAG trinucleotide repeat is highly polymorphic, with repeat length ranging from six to 31 triplets and a heterozygosity of 87-88% in 684 chromosomes from several human populations. One allele from an individual with an atypical movement disorder and bipolar affective disorder type II contains 46 triplets, 15 triplets longer than any other allele detected. Though insufficient data are available to link the long repeat to this clin. phenotype, an expansion mutation of the CAGR1 repeat can be considered a candidate for the etiol. of disorders with anticipation or developmental abnormalities, and particularly any such disorders linked to chromosome 13.

IT 4353-69-9

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(cDNA cloning of a human homolog of Caenorhabditis elegans cell fate-detg. gene mab-21: expression, chromosomal localization and anal. of a highly polymorphic (QAG)n trinucleotide repeat)

4353-69-9 HCAPLUS RN



Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

09/889251

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

✓ÁPPLICATION NO. PATENT NO. KIND DATE DATE -----_____ 19940421 19941110 WO 1994-EP1319 WO 9425016 A1 W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, JP, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LU, LV, MD, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SI, SK, TJ, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG A1 19941121 A1 19960207 AU 1994-67221 19940421 AU 9467221 19960207 EP 1994-915548 19940421 EP 695180 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE **/**T2 JP 08509238 19961001 JP 1994-523876 19940421 US 5719185 19980217 US 1995-532813 19951023 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: GB 1993-8430 19930423 19940421

WO 1994-EP1319

The present invention relates to the use of GABA agonists having an AB agonist action at GABA .beta.-receptors in the treatment of emesis. example / s.c. administration of (-)-baclofen at 1 mg/kg to ferrets immedia/tely after whole body irradn. inhibited the emesis detd. by comparison with appropriate controls.

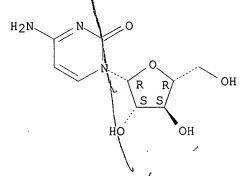
TΤ 147-94-4, Cytarabine

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BIOL (Biological study) (pomiting from; GABA agonists for treatment of emesis)

147-94-4 HCAPLUS RN

2(1Hl-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX CN NAME

Absolute stereochemistry.



L107 ANSWER 11 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:621979 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:221979

TITLE: Virucides for the treatment of a group of related

disorders

Horrobin, David Frederick; Bond, Peter INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Scotia Holdings PLC, UK SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 6 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE EP 615750 🗸 Α2 19940921 EP 1994-301106 19940216

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE

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AU 9455186
                                            AU 1994-55186
                        A1
                             19940825
                                                              19940217
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                          GB 1993<sup>2</sup>3157
                                                              19930217
     A drug selected from the group consisting of acyclovir, gancyclovir,
     famcyclovir, AZT, anhydrothymidine D 4\pi, ddC, ddA, cytosine arabinoside,
     adenosine arabinoside, and derivs. thereof is used for the treatment of
     one or more of the following conditions when a herpes virus, particularly
     herpes simplex virus, is involved in the causation thereof: depression,
     irritable bowel syndrome, fibromyalgia, headaches,
     anxiety, panic disorder, narcolepsy, Tourette's disorder, kleptomania,
     bulimia nervosa, obsessive compulsive disorder, attention
     deficit disorder with hyperactivity, cataplexy, psychopathic
     disorder, gingivitis, and dental caries. 147-94-4, Cytosine arabinoside
     RL: THU (Therapeutic usé); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
        (virucides for treatment of herpes simplex virus infection symptoms)
RN
     147-94-4 HCAPLUS
     2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, /4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI)
CN
     NAME)
Absolute stereochemistry.
H<sub>2</sub>N.
                           OH
                R
                S S
            HO
                       HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
L107 ANSWER 12 OF 31
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                          1992:440411 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBÈR:
                          117:40411
TITLE:
                          thiolated oligo- and polynucleotides for treating HIV
                          infections
INVENTOR(S):
                          Bardos, Thomas J.; Ho, Yau Kwan; Aradi, Janos;
                          Schinazi, Raymond F.
PATENT ASSIGNEE (S):
                          State University of New York, Albany, USA
SOURCE:
                          PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
                          CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                          Patent
LANGUAGE:
                          English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
                          1
PATENT INFORMATION:
     PATENT NO.
                       KIŅD
                             DATE
                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                              DATE
     _____
     WO 9203127
                        Α1
                             19920305
                                            WO 1991-US5919
                                                              19910815
         W: AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, CA, CH, CS, DE, DK, ES, FI, GB, HU, JP, KP,
             KR, LK, LU, MC, MG, MN, MW, NL, NO, PL, RO, SD, SE, SU, US
         RW: AT, BE, BF, BJ, CE, CG, CH, CI, CM, DE, DK, ES, FR, GA, GB, GN,
             GR, IT, LU, ML, MR, NL, SE, SN, TD, TG
     AU 9184971
                        Α1
                             19920317
                                             AU 1991-84971
                                                              19910815
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                         US 1990-568131
                                                              19900816
                                         WO 1991-US5919
                                                              19910815
AB
     The title compds. are therapeutically effective for inhibiting HIV-1
     infections and for treating AIDS. The nucleotides used are
     5-mercaptopoly(C), 5-mercaptopoly(dC), 5-mercaptopoly(U), and
     5-mercaptopoly(dU) contg. 2-30% thiolation, the corresponding 4
     oligonucleotides contg. 3-10% thiolàtion, or a regional sense or
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Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

Spivack 09/889251 anti-sense 5-thiolated oligonucleotide corresponding to at least a portion of a primer tRNA (esp. tRNALys) of HIV reverse transcriptase. Thus, poly[U91,[5-mercapto-(U)]9] showed a 50% inhibitory concn. of 9 .mu.M against HIV-1 in infected human lymphocytes in vitro as evaluated morphol., by indirect immunofluorescence, and by reverse transcriptase activity. The thiolated oligo- and polynucleotides were prepd. by chem. or enzymic synthesis or by partial thiolation with NaSH of partial alk. hydrolyzates of poly(C) or/poly(U). 30811-80-4D, Polycytidylic acid, 5-thiolated RL: BIOL (Biological study) (human immunodeficiency virus/inhibition with) 30811-80-4 HCAPLUS 5'-Cytidylic acid, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM CRN 63-37-6 CMF C9 H14 N3 O8 P CDES 5:B-D-RIBO Absolute stereochemistry. HO OH R S OP03H2 H₂N L107 ANSWER 13 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:653232 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 115:253232 Pyrimidine nucleotide synthesis in the rat kidney in TITLE: early diabetes Kunjara, Sirilaksana; Sochor, Milena; Ali, Murad; AUTHOR (S): Drake, Adrian; Greenbaum, Leslie; McLean, Patricia Dep. Biochem., Univ. Coll., London, W1P 6DB, UK CORPORATE SOURCE Biochem. Med. Metab. Biol. (1991), 46(2), 215-25 SOURCE: CODEN: BMMBES; ISSN: 0885-4505 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English Early renal hypertrophy of diabetes is assocd. with increases in

IT

RN

CN

the tissue content of RNA, DNA, and sugar nucleotides involved in the formation of carpohydrate-contg. macromols. The authors have previously reported an increase in the activity of enzymes of the de novo and salvage pathways of purine synthesis in early diabetes; the present communication explores the changes in the pathways of pyrimidine synthesis. Measurements have been made of key enzymes of the de novo and salvage pathways at 3, 5, and 14 days after induction of diabetes with streptozotocin (STZ), phosphoribosyl pyrophosphate (PPRibP), and some purine and pyrimidine bases. Carbamoyl-phosphate synthetase II, the rate-limiting enzyme of the de novo route, did not increase in the first 5 days after STZ treatment, the period of most rapid renal growth; a rise was seen at 14 days (+38%). Dihydroorotate dehydrogenase, a mitochondrial enzyme, showed the most marked rise (+147%) at 14 days. The conversion of crotate to UMP, catalyzed by the enzymes of complex II, was increased at 3 days (+42%), a rise sustained to 14 days. The salvage route enzyme, uracil phosphoribosyltransferase (UPRTase),

showed a pattern of change similar to complex II. The effect of the decreased concn. of PPRibP on the activities of CPSII, for which it is an allosteric activator, and on activities of OPBRASE and UPRTase, for which it is an essential substrate, is discussed with respect to the relative Ka and Km values for PPRibP and the possibelity of metabolite channeling.

ΙT **65-46-3**, Cytidine

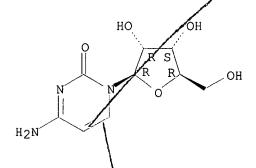
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of kidney, in renal hypertrophy in diabetes mellitus)

65-46-3 HCAPLUS RN

(CA INDEX NAME) CN Cytidine (8CI, 9CI)

Absolute stereochemistry



L107 ANSWER 14 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:244644 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBÈR:

TITLE:

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

114:244644 Comparison of nucleoside concentrations in blood of

fish with and without tumors

Kuehl, Douglas W.; Eisenschenk, Linda; Naumann, Sandra; Johnson, Rodney D.; Regal, Ronald; Barnidge,

Phyllis; McKim, James, Jr.

Environ. Res. Lab., U.S. EPA, Duluth, MN, 55804, USA Bull. Environ. Contam. Toxicol. (1991), 46(5), 713-19

CODEN: BECTA6; ISSN: 0007-4861

Journal English

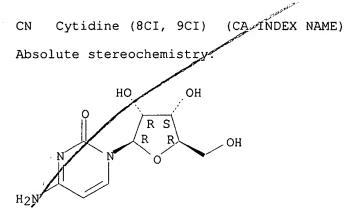
Blood samples were used to establish diagnostic parameters for control rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss) and those with tumors induced by aflatoxins. A 2nd set of blood samples was from field collected back bullheads (Ictal rus melas). Inosine was the major nucleoside in all of the rainbow trout samples. Guanosine was most often the nucleoside at the 2nd highest concn. in the trout samples; however, the concn. of xanthosine exceeded guanosine in 2 of the toxicant-exposed fish. The av. concn. of quanosine was 11% that of inosine in the trout. Cytidine, pseudouridine, and uridine were also identified as minor nucleosides. The same 6 nucleosides were identified in bullhead samples, and again inosine was identified as the major nucleoside in most of the samples. The concn. of guanosine exceeded inosine in 3 bullhead samples. The concns. of inosine and guanosine in trout were bimodal with values <380 .mu.g/mL and >800 $\$.mu.g/mL, and <35 .mu.g/mL and >75 .mu.g/mL for each compd., resp. The fish in the high range of concns. were the same for each compd., and we've female, indicating a concn. bias may possibly be influenced by the sex of the fish. A similar bimodal distribution was obsd. in the bullhead data, where concns. <175 .mu.g/mL and >300 .mu.g/mL, and <80 .mu.g/mL and >195\.mu.g/mL for inosine and guanosine, resp., were measured. Trout with tumors could not be distinguished from trout without tumors by comparing the concn. of any individual nucleoside.

TΤ **65-46-3**, Cytidine

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of blood serum, of fish, tumor effect on)

65-46-3 HCAPLUS RN



L107 ANSWER 15 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:602943 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:202943 TITLE: Protection against experimental acute cerebral ischemia by CDP-choline AUTHOR (S) Le Poncin-Lafitte, M.; Duterte, D.; Lageron, A.; Rapin, J. R. CORPORATE SQURCE: Inst. Natl. Rech. Prev. Vieillissement Cereb., Hop. Bicetre, Le Kremlin-Bicetre, F-94270, Fr. SOURCE: Agressologie (1986), 27(5), 413-16 CODEN: AGSOA6; ISSN: 0002-1148 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: French AB In rats with exptl. acute cerebral ischemia induced by intracarotid\injection of 85Sr-labeled wax or carbon microspheres, i.p. administration of CDP-choline [987-78-0] (30 mg/kg) 1, 3, and 5 h after ischemia reduced the degree of vasogenic edema in the cerebral hemispheres. CDP-choline also protected the blood-brain barrier, as shown by the reduced amt. of 131T escaping from cerebral vessels after treatment. Treatment also reduced the severity of microlnfarction, as shown by decreased infart-tissue activity of lactate dehydrogenase [9001-60-9], succinate dehydrogenase [9002-02-2], monoamine oxidase [9001-66-5], and acid phosphatase [9001-77-8]. 987-78-0 TΤ RL: BIOL (Biological study) (brain ischemia protection by) RN 987-78-0 HCAPLUS Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen\diphosphate), P'-[2-(trimethylammonio)ethyl] CN ester, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. OH HO H₂N N+Me3

1986:513120 HCAPLUS `

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

L107 ANSWER 16 OF 31

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

105:113120

TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

Adenylosuccinase deficiency Van den Berghe, G.; Jaeken, J.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Int. Inst. Cell. Mol. Pathol., Univ. Louvain Brussels,

Brussels, Belg.

SOURCE:

Adv. Exp. Med. Biol. (1986), 195A (Puring-Pyrimidine

Metab. Man 5, Pt. A), 27-33 CODEN: AEMBAP; ISSN: 0065-2598

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE: In 2 children (brother and sister, patients B and C) with mental AB retardation and autism , adenylosuccinase (E.C. 4.3.2.2) (I) activity was markedly below normal in liver, kidney, muscle, fibroblasts, and lymphocytes; the percent change in I activity in these 2 patients is compared with previous data from another patient (patient A) with the same clin. conditions. Variations in the amts, of 13 nucleotides present in liver, kidney, and muscle of patients A, B, and C are described and contrasted with normal values. Sep. studies were conducted with purified rat liver cytoplasmic 5'-nucleotidase to assess the formation of succinyladenosine (II) and succinyláminoimidazole carboxamide riboside (III) in the I-deficent tissues are presented and their clin. significance discussed. Therapeutic trials with allopurinol (33 mg/kg for 3 wk) and Na benzoate (250 mg/kg for 4 wks)/did not modify cerebrospinal fluid or plasma concns. of II and III for the urinary excretions of succinylpurines. Aminoimidazole carboxamide (10 mg/kg for 1/ days and 20 mg/kg for 2/ days) resulfted in a slight improvement in behavior, an .apprx.2-fold increase

in uric acid excretion, and no change in succinylpurines excretion.

IT 65-47-4

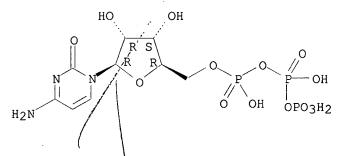
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of tissues, in adenylosuccinase deficiency in children)

RN 65-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L107 ANSWER 17\OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:116113 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

104:116113

TITLE:

INVENTOR(S):

Lipid nanopellent oral drug formulation

Speiser, Peter

PATENT ASSIGNEE (5):

Rentschler, Dr., Arzneimittel G.m.b.H. und Co., Fed.

Rep. Ger.

SOURCE:

Ger. Offen., 35 pp.

CODEN: GWXXBX

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

Patent German

1

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

DE 3421468 Al 19851219

DE 1984-3421468 19840608

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

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EP 167825
                                                                19850604
                        A2
                              19860115
                                              EP 1985-106926
     EP 167825
                        A3
                              19870121
                        В1
                              19900808
     EP 167825
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
     AT 55243
                        Ε
                              19900815
                                              AT 1985-106926
                                                                19850604
                        A2
                              19860320
                                              JP 1,985-120726
     JP 61056122
                                                                19850605
     US 4880634
                        Α
                              19891114
                                              US/1987-66459
                                                                19870626
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                           DE <u>1</u> 984-3421468
                                                                19840608
                                           EP#1985-106926
                                                                19850604
                                           ູຟ$ 1985–740771
                                                                19850630
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AΒ Lipid nanopellets (80-800 nm), as aq. colloidal suspensions, are carrier systems for oral drugs. The lipids are satd. fatty acids, their esters with glycerol and with other polyalcs., and fatty alcs. The system contains natural or artificial surfactants. Thus, a mixt. of 2 g tristearin and 0.6 g testosterone undecanoate was melted at 85.degree. and 0.4 g phospholipon 100-H in 4 mL CHCl3 was added. The CHCl3 was evapd. and 0.04 Na cholate in 200 mL water was added, followed by stirring and ultrasonication, to give the nanopellet suspension.

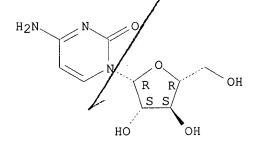
147-94-4 IT

RL: THU (Therapeutic ise); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (lipid nanopellets, for oral administration as aq. colloidal emulsion)

RN 147-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinoné, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L107 ANSWER 18 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:481345 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:81345

Aclarubicin: experimental and clinical experience TITLE:

Roethig, H. J.; Kraemer, H. P.; Sedlacek, H. H. AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Lab., Behringwerke A.-G., Marburg/Lahn, D-355,

Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Drugs Exp. Clin. Res. (1985), 11(2), 123-5

CODEN: DECRDP; ISSN: 0378-6501

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

English LANGUAGE: GΙ

Ι

The therapeutic index of aclarubicin (I) [57576-44-0] (efficacy related AΒ to toxicity) was higher than that of doxorubicin and daunorubicin, using a proper dose schedule. Single dose therapy with aclarubicin showed only marginal efficacy, whereas multiple divided dose therapy exhibited efficacy comparable to that of doxorubicin and daunorubicin. Thus, for clin. trials 2 dose schedules were designed: 25 mg/m2/day, days 1-7, for acute leukemia; and 30 mg/m2/day, days 1-4, for solid tumors. Aclarubicin was highly active in acute leukemia, with 58% complete remissions in patients in 1st relapse of acute myelogenous leukemia. Good results were also seen in acute leukemia in combination with cytosine arabinoside [147-94-4] and thioguanine [454-42-7]. In clin. trials with breast cancer and thyroid cancer, the efficacy was in the same range as would be expected for doxórubicin, but side-effects were markedly reduced. Anorexia, mild nausea and infrequent vomiting were obsd. Myelosuppression was common but dose redn. was not necessary. There was no alopecia and no congestive heart failure.

ΙT 147-94-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(neoplasm inhibition by aclarubicin and thioguanine and, in humans)

RN 147-94-4 HCAPLUŚ

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 19 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:508439 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:108439

TITLE: Effects of neonatal hypoxia on microcephalic mice

caused by cytosine arabinoside

AUTHOR(S): Kimura, Shoko; Kameyama, Yoshiro CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

Res. Inst. Environ. Med., Nagoya Univ., Nagoya, Japan Kankyo Igaku Kenkyusho Nenpo (Nagoya Daigaku) (1984),

35, 254-5

CODEN: NDKIA2; ISSN: 0369-3570

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal Japanese

AB Attempts were made to produce a model of cerebral palsy

by i.p. injecting cytosine arabinoside at 30 mg/kg into pregnant mice and by subjecting the newborns to a hypoxic environment. Cytosine arabinoside induced microcephaly, but the subsequent hypoxia did not induce pathol.

effects related to cerebral palsy.

IT 147-94-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(cerebral palsy a mimal model from hypoxia and)

RN 147-94-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 4-amino-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 20 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:508346 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:108346

TITLE: \ Protective role of adenine nucleotide translocase in

oxygen-deficient hearts

AUTHOR(S): \ Pande, Shri V.; Goswami, Tapas; Parvin, Rehana

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Intermediary Metab., Clin. Res. Inst. Montreal,

Montreal, PQ, H2W 1R7, Can.

SOURCE: Am. J. Physiol. (1984), 247(1, Pt. 2), H25-H34

CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513

DOCUMENT TYPE: \ Journal

LANGUAGE: English

At subsatg. concas. of palmitoyl-CoA, the carnitine-dependent oxidn. of the palmitoyl portion by uncoupled rat heart mitochondria was stimulated by ADR or ATP. This effect was traced to the prevention of acyl-CoA binding to adenine nucleotide translocase and the consequent sparing of acyl-CoA for acylcarnitine formation. Palmitoyl-CoA oxidn. was stimulated by ITP also, although ITP served neither as a transportable substrate nor as an inhibitor of ADP transport. ITP and other nontransportable nuclèoside di(tri)phosphates prevented octanoyl-CoA binding to mitochondria, ITP was bound to mitochondria , and this binding was reversed by ADP, octanoyl-CoA, and carboxyatractyloside. Thus, besides a substrate site, there is a site on the translocase that binds nucleoside di(tri)phosphates, CoA and its esters, and atractylosides; \inhibition of the translocase results, however, only from the binding of CoA esters of fatty acids and of atractylosides. It is suggested that in O-deficient hearts, when nucleotides decline and fatty acyl-CoA rises, the binding of the latter to the translocase becomes operational to slow fatty acylcarnitine prodn. retarding the rise in amphipathic burden, this mechanism could protect heart against irreversible damage\during brief periods of ischemia or

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hypoxia.
     65-47-4
ΙT
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RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(octanoyl-CoA binding by heart mitochondria

response to, heart ischemia in relation to)

RN 65-47-4 HCAPLUS

Cytidine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate) (8CI, 9CI) CN (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

HCAPLÚS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L107 ANSWER 21 OF 31 1/984:448396 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

TITLE:

AUTHOR(S):

SOURCE:

Treatment of vasogenic edema by CDP-choline, a metabolic precursor of phospholipids (experimental and

clinical data)

Cohadon, F.; Rigoulet, M.; Averet, N.; Richer, E. Lab. Neurochir. Exp., Univ. Bordeaux II, Bordeaux,

33076, Fr.

Recent Prog. Study Ther. Brain Edema, [Proc. Int. Symp. Brain Edema], 5th (1984), Meeting Date 1982,

691-700. Editor(s): Go, K. G.; Baethmann, A. Plenum:

New York, N. Y. CODEN: 51TOA5

Ι

Conference

English

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

GT

In rabbits with exptl. brain edema, treatment with CDP choline AB (I) [987,78-0] (20 mg/kg, i.v., every 24 h) restored the mitochondrial ATPase [9000-83-3] to normal, enhanced Na+-K+-ATPa\se activity at a high K+/Na+ ratio but not at a low K+/Na+ ratio, and decreased the brain water content. In human patients suffering from a diffuse brain insult (cerebral contusions and/or severe concussion), administration of I during the acute phase after the injury at a time brain edema is likely to occur shortened the period of time with severe disorders of consciousness and accelerated the restoration of neural. deficits. I may act by limiting the propagation of brain edema or enhanding the resoln. of edema fluid. However, I did not affact the permanent deficits of neurol. function

resulting from the brain injury. ΙT 987-78-0 RL: BIOL (Biological study) (brain edema and injury treatment with, in humans and lab. animals) 987-78-0 HCAPLUS RN Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), P'-[2-(trimethylammonio)ethyl] CN ester, inner salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. HO OH R S ОН H₂N N+Me3 L107 ANSWER 22 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:527988 HCAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:127988 TITLE: Chemical conversion of uridine into 4-thiouridine via the 4-(1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)pyrimidin-2(1H)-one intermediate AUTHOR(S):Sung, Wing L. CORPORATE SOURCE: Div. Biol. Sci., Natl. Res. Counc. Canada, Ottawa, K1A OR6, Can. SOURCE: J. Chem. Soc., Chem. Commun. (1982), (9), 522-3 CODEN: JCCCAT; ISSN: 0022-4936 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English GI

AB Treatment of the uridine-derived triazole I with NaSH in Me2CO-H2O for 15 min gave 85% 2',3',5'-tri-O-acetyl-4-thiouridine which on deacetylation gave 89% thiouridine (II).

IT 82913-19-7

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(deprotection and thiolation of) 82913-19-7 HCAPLUS RN 2(1H)-Pyrimidinone, 1-(2,3,5-tri-O-acetyl-.beta.-D-ribofuranosyl)-4-(1H-CN 1,2,4-triazol-1-yl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. Aco OAc OAc 55003-25-3P IT RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. and deacetylation of) RN 55003-25-3 HCAPLUS Uridine, 4-thio-, 2',31,5'-triacetate (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN Absolute stereochemistry. OAc R R R AcO OAc ΙT 13957-31-8P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, from triazolyl(triacetylribofuranosyl)pyrimidinone) RN 13957-31-8 HCAPLUS CN Uridine, A-thio- (6CI, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry. OH S

L107 ANSWER 23 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:215425 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

96:215425

TITLE:

Prolonged myocardial nucleotide depletion after brief ischemia in the open-chest dog

AUTHOR(S):

Swain, Judith L.; Sabina, Richard L.; McHale, Philip

CORPORATE SOURCE:

A.; Greenfield, Joseph C., Jr.; Holmes, Edward W. Howard Hughes Med. Inst. Lab., Duke Univ., Durham, NC,

27710, USA

SOURCE:

Am. J. Physiol. (1982), 242(5), H818-H826

CODEN: AJPHAP; ISSN: 0002-9513

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

English LANGUAGE:

Brief coronary occlusions (12 min) were produced in 7 open-chest dogs, and repetitive myocardial samples were taken in order to det. the response of the nucleotide pool to ischemia and reperfusion. Dyring ischemia, heart ATP levels decreased to 57% of control, and similar decreases occurred in the GTP, CTP, UTP, and NAD+ pools. The decrease in nucleotides was accompanied by an increase in nucleosides and bases. After 60 min of reperfusion, the content of all nucleotides had increased but was still less than nonischemic values. The content of nucleosides and bases decreased immediately upon reperfusion of In contrast, the creatine phosphate (CP) level fell to 10% of control during ischemia but rebounded to above control values immediately upon reperfusion. Apparently, the delayed nucleotide repletion is not caused by a defect in mitochondrial synthesis of ATP because CP content is restored rapidly. The slow repletion of nucleotides may be secondary to loss of nucleotide precursors during/reperfusion and may result in widespread alterations in myocardial metab.

IT 65-47-4

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

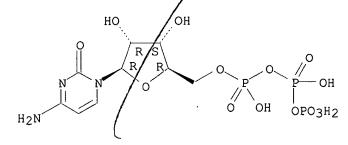
(of heart, in heart, ischemia and

reperfusion)

RN 65-47-4 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(tetrah/drogen triphosphate) (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



L107 ANSWER 24 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:447066 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:47066

TITLE:

Partially thiolated poly(cytidylic acid).

modification of a preformed nucleic acid

AUTHOR(S): Bardos, Thomas J.; Novak, L.; Chakrabarti, P.; Ho, Y.

Sch. Pharm., State Univ. New York, Buffalo, NY, 14214, CORPORATE SOURCE:

Nucl. Acid Chem. (1978), Volume 2, 881-4. Editor(s): SOURCE:

Townsend, Leroy B.; Tipson, R. Stuart. Wiley: New

York, N. Y. CODEN: 42TBAU

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference English

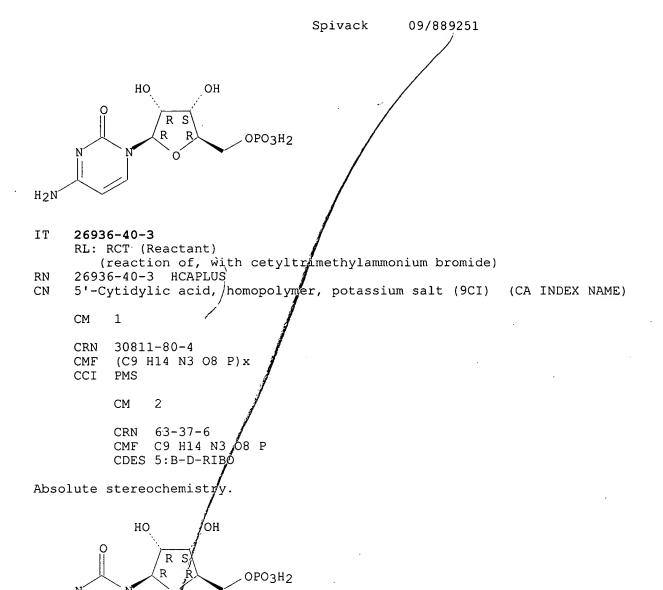
LANGUAGE:

K poly(cytidylate) was converted to cetyltrimethylkammonium poly(cytidylate), which was stirred with MeOBr in MeOH 30 min at O.degree., AcNMe2 and NaSH were added and the soln. was stirred

for 1-1.5 h to give partially thiolated poly(cytidylic acid), which was

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isolated as the Na salt. The product contained 8-12% 5-mercaptcytidylate
     units.
ΙT
     68316-63-2P
     RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. and thiolation of, with sodium hydrosulfide)
     68316-63-2 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     5'-Cytidylic acid, ion(1-), homopolymer, N,N,N-trimethyl-1-
     hexadecanaminium (9CI) (CA INDÉX NAME)
     CM
     CRN
          6899-10-1
     CMF
          C19 H42 N
Me3^+N^-(CH_2)_{15}^-Me
     CM
          2
     CRN
          68316-62-1
     CMF
          (C9 H13 N3 O8 P)x
     CCI
          PMS
          CM
                3
               47151-23-5
          CRN
          CMF C9 H13 N3 O8 P
          CDES 5:B-D-RIBO
Absolute stereochemistry;
             НО
                      OH
                               PO3H-
H<sub>2</sub>N
```

Absolute stereochemistrý.



L107 ANSWER 25 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

1979:417914 HCAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

91:17914 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

H₂N

TITLE:

Vasogenic cerebral edema. Changes

in membrane ATPases and correction by a phospholipid

precursor

Cohadon, F.; Rigoulet, M.; Guerin, B.; AUTHOR(S):

Vandendriessche, M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Neuro-Chir. Exp., Univ. Bordeaux II, Bordeaux, F

33000, Fr.

SOURCE: Nouv. Presse Med. (1979), 8(19), 1589-91

CODEN: NPMDAD; ISSN: 0301-1518

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

In rabbits with cryogenic brain edema (induced with freezing of the right brain hemisphere in 4 points with liq. N2), the brain activities of mitochondrial membrane ATPase and Na, K-dependent ATPase of cell membranes decreased below initial values 1-4 days after the injury. In the exptl. rabbits, injection of 20 mg CDP-choline/kg daily beginning 24h after the

injury, improved or normalized the ATPase activities and reduced the edema.

987-78-0 IT

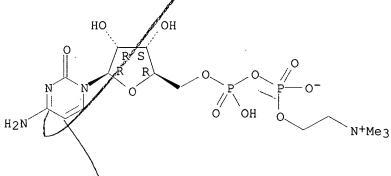
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(ATPase of mitochondrial membranes of brain in response to, in brain

RN 987-78-0 HCAPLUS

Cytidine 5'-(trihydrogen diphosphate), P'-[2-(trimethylammonio)ethyl] CN ester, inner salt (901) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry



L107 ANSWER 26 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1979:6641 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

CORPORATE SOURCE:

90:6641 TITLE:

Fluorinated pyrimidine nucleosides. 2. Reaction of

2,2'-anhydro-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosyl-5-

fluorocytosine hydrochloride with nitrogen and sulfur

nucleophiles

Cook, Alan F.; Holman, Michael J. AUTHOR(S):

Chem. Res. Dep., Hoffmann-La Roche Inc., Nutley, N.

J., USA

Journal

SOURCE: J. Org. Chem. (1978), 43(21), 4200-6

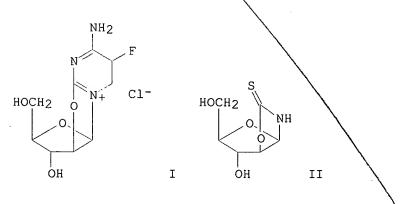
CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263

DOCUMENT TYPE:

LANGUAGE:

GT

English



AB Reaction of the title nucleoside (I) with NH3 gave 1-.beta.-Darabinofuranosyl-2,4-diamino-5-fluoropyrimidinium chloride by attack at C-2 of the pyrimidine ring. Reaction of I with MeNH2 gave the corresponding 2-methylamino deriv., which was rapidly converted into the 2,4-bis(methylamino)arabinoside by amine exchange at C-4. Treatment of I with EtNH2 or PrNH2 similarly produced the corresponding 2,4-bis(alkylamino) derivs. Reaction of I with MeNH2 for a prolonged reaction period resulted in rearrangement with loss of the sugar moiety to produce 2-amino-5-fluoro-1-methyl-4-(methylimino)pyrimidine hydrohalide, the structure of which was confirmed by x-ray crystallog. Reaction of I with NaSH or H2S induced defluorination without cleavage of the anhydro bond to give 2,2'-anhydro-1-.beta.-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine; the oxazolidinethione II was also isolated as a byproduct. Treatment of the S and N-bridged analogs of I with NaSH also produced the corresponding defluorinated anhydro/nucleosides.

ΙT 2341-22-2

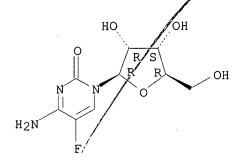
RL: RCT (Reactant)

(attempted defluorination of, with sodium hydrosulfite)

RN 2341-22-2 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine, 5-fluoro-(601, 7CI, 8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistr



L107 ANSWER 27 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1978:615705 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

89:215705

TITLE:

Partially thiolated poly(cytidylic acid). Chemical

modification of a preformed nucleic acid

AUTHOR(S):

Bardos, Thomas J.; Novak, L.; Chakrabarti, P.; Ho, Y.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sch. Pharm., State Univ. New York, Buffalo, N. Y., USA

SOURCE:

Nucleic Acid Chem. (1978), Volume 2, 881-4. Editor(s): Townsend, Leroy B.; Tipson, R. Stuart.

Wiley: New York, N. Y.

CODEN: 39GCA6

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Conference

English

LANGUAGE: AB

Cetyltrimethylammonium poly(cytidylate) was treated with finely ground

NaSH.2H2O to give the partially thiolated poly(cytidylic acid)

after work up.

ΙT 68316-63-2P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. and thiolation of)

68316-63-2 HCAPLUS RN

5'-Cytidylic acid, ion(1-), homopolymer, N,N,N-trimethyl-1-CN

hexadecanaminium (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

6899-10-1 CRN CMF C19 H42 N

 $Me3^+N^-$ (CH₂)₁₅-Me

CM 2

```
CRN
           68316-62-1
     CMF
           (C9 H13 N3 O8 P)x
     CCI
           PMS
           CM
                3
           CRN
                47151-23-5
           CMF
                C9 H13 N3 O8 P
           CDES 5:B-D-RIBO
Absolute stereochemistry.
             НО
                       OH
                  R S
                 R
                                PO3H-
H<sub>2</sub>N
ΙT
     30811-80-4DP,/thiolated deriv.
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
         (prepn. of)
RN
     30811-80-4 f HCAPLUS
CN
     5'-Cytidylic acid, homopolymer (9CI)
                                              (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
          63÷37-6
     CRN
     CMF
          C9 H14 N3 O8 P
     CDES 5/B-D-RIBO
Absolute stereochemistry.
             НО
                       OH
                 R S
                            OPO3H2
                   O
H<sub>2</sub>N
ΙT
     26936-40-3
     RL: RCT (Reactant)
         (reaction of, with cetyltrimethylammonium bromide)
     26936-40-3 HCAPLUS
RN
CN
     5'-Cytidylic acid, homopolymer, potassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
     CM
           1
     CRN
          30811-80-4
     CMF
           (C9 H14 N3 O8 P)x
     CCI
          PMS
          CM
                2
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CRN 63-37-6 C9 H14 N3 O8 P CMF CDES 5:B-D-RIBO Absolute stereochemistry. HO OPO3H2 H₂N

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L107 ANSWER 28 OF 31

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:580305 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:180305

TITLE: Sugar derivatives of purine compounds

Isono, Kiyoshi; Azuma, Tsunemasa; Suzuki, Saburo INVENTOR(S): Institute of Physical and Chemical Research, Japan PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

SOURCE: Japan. Kokai, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
				-
JP 53056690	A2	19780523	JP 1976-117444	19760930
TP 55012917	B4	19800404		

Seven title sugar derivs., some of which are useful as remedies for AB angina pectoris and diseases caused by hormone imbalance (no data), were prepd. Thus, a mixt. of 206 mg tetraacetylcytidine, 288 mg N-benzoyl-N, 9-bis(trimethylsilyl)adenine, and 0.1 mL SnCl4 in CH2Cl2-MeCN was refluxed 24 h to give 44.6% 2',3',5'-tri-0-acetyl-N6-benzoyladenosine, which was deacetylated to give adenosine.

IT 5040-18-6

RL: RCT (Reactant)

(reaction of, with adenine deriv.)

RN 5040-18-6 HCAPLUS

Cytidine, N-acetyl-, 2',3',5'-triacetate (7CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry.

L107 ANSWER 29 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1977:400162 HCAPLUS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

87:162

4

TITLE:

Molecular approaches to inhibit oncogenesis by RNA

tumor viruses

AUTHOR(S):

Chandra, P.; Ebener, U.; Steel, Linda K.; Laube, H.;

Gericke, D.; Mildner, B.; Bardos, T. J.; Ho, Y. K.;

Goetz, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Abt. Molekularbiol., Gustav-Embden-Zent. Biol. Chem.,

Frankfurt, Ger.

SOURCE:

Ann. N. Y. Acad. Sci. (1977), 284, 444-62

CODEN: ANYAA9

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal English

LANGUAGE:

AB Mercaptanated polycytidylic acid (MPC), prepd. by treatment of polycytidylic acid with MeOBr, followed by reaction with NaSH, inhibited DNA polymerase [9012-90-2] from Friend leukemia virus, using either viral or synthetic nucleic acids as template. Similar inhibitory activity was given by partially thiolated tRNA and rRNA from Ehrlich ascites cells. MPC inhibited various viral, but not bacterial, DNA polymerases. MPC functioned as a dead template in the Friend leukemia virus DNA polymerase system, i.e., it interacted with the enzyme but failed to be transcribed. Prior incubation with MPC of cell-free spleen exts. from Friend leukemia virus-infected mice inhibited the splenomegaly obsd. in controls upon subsequent injection of the spleen ext. into other mice; further, cell-free spleen exts. prepd. from the splenomegaly-protected mice did not cause leukemia when injected into a 3rd group of mice, whereas mice inoculated with exts. from control mice developed

IT 30811-80-4D, mercaptanated

RL: BIOL (Biological study) /

(DNA polymerase of Friend leukemia virus inhibition by)

RN 30811-80-4 HCAPLUS

leukemia.

CN: 5'-Cytidylic acid, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

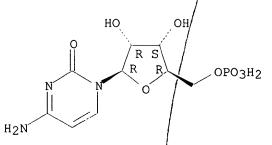
CM 1

CRN 63-37-6

CMF C9 H14 N3 O8 P

CDES 5:B-D-RIBO

Absolute stereochemistry



L107 ANSWER 30 OF 3' ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE:

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS 1972:135834 HCAPLUS

76:135834

Effects of adenosine and ATP on atrioventricular [AV]

conduction and on AV junctional rhythm

Urthaler, Ferdinand; James, Thomas N.

Sch. Med., Univ. Alabama, Birmingham, Ala., USA

J\ Lab. Clin. Med. (1972), 79(1), 96-105

CODEN: JLCMAK

Journal

Searched by Barb O'Bryen, STIC 308-4291

LANGUAGE:

English

AB Of 18 ATP (I) [56-65-5] derivs. tested for electrophysiol effects in open-chest anesthetized dogs by direct perfusion of the atrioventricular (AV) junctional region, all nucleotides except GTP [86-01-1] and cyclic GMP [7665-99-8] impaired AV conduction. I (1-10 mg/ml) produced an immediate heart block of 5-30 sec duration. Adenosine (II) [58-61-7] was less effective; no other nucleoside had any significant dromotropic activity. After selective suppression of the sinus node with eserine [57-47-6], I and II produced exclusively neg. chromotropic action at a concn. 1000-fold less than that required for the neg. dromotropic action.

IT 65-46-3 36051-68-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(heart atrioventricular conduction and rhythm in response to)

RN 65-46-3 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME,

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 36051-68-0 HCAPLUS

CN Cytidine 5'-(tetrahydrogen triphosphate), disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

●2 Na

L107 ANSWER 31 OF 31 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1972:41808 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

76:41808

TITLE:

Metabolism in head injury, with

special reference to respiratory function to

mitochondria of the brain, heart,

liver, and kidney

Izawa, Shiro

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE:

Sch. Med., Nihon Univ., Tokyo, Japan

SOURCE:

Nichidai Igaku Zasshi (1971), 30(5), 421-44

CODEN: NICHAS

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal Japanese

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

AB Prednisolone (I) [50-24-8] or CDP-choline (II) [987-78-0] partly restored the impairment of respiratory function of the cerebral mitochondria, induced by head injury in rabbits, by inhibiting the formation of uncouplers or removing them from the mitochondria.

The respiratory control rate, oxidative phosphorylation ratio, and O uptake of the brain, liver, and kidney mitochondria were all decreased following the injury. The respiratory function of the cerebral mitochondria was partly restored by I (19 mg/kg, i.v.) or II (10

mg/kg, i.v.) when given for 1 week from the day of injury. IT 1477-47-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(mitochondria phosphorylation and respiration after

head injury response to)

RN 1477-47-0 HCAPLUS

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